

*Brief Communication*URINARY OESTROGENS IN OVARIECTOMIZED COWS
AFTER ADMINISTRATION OF ACTH

Two ovariectomized cows were injected intramuscularly once daily with 300 i.u. of ACTH*) on three consecutive days. The urine was collected with the aid of rubber mats. The method for oestrogen analysis comprised acid hydrolysis of the urine, saponification of the phenolic fraction, methylation and column chromatography followed by fluorimetry (*Lunaas* 1964 and unpublished).

A convincing response to ACTH was obtained only in Cow A (Table 1) in which the urinary excretion of oestrogens increased by an apparent factor of 5—10 and approached levels found in intact cows during oestrus (unpublished results). The seemingly much weaker response in Cow B could in part have been due to a differing peripheral metabolism of oestrogens; the urinary excretion of oestrogens in this animal on the day after intravenous injection of 500 µg oestradiol-17β amounted only to about 1/3 of that in the other (Table 1).

Table 1. Urinary oestrone (Oe₁) and oestradiol-17α (Oe₂) in ovariectomized cows given 300 i.u. ACTH i.m. per day for three consecutive days.

	Day	µg per 24 hrs.			
		Cow A		Cow B	
		Oe ₁	Oe ₂	Oe ₁	Oe ₂
Before	2	3.0	2.3	3.1	3.1
ACTH	1	2.1	1.4	1.2	1.2
After first	1	3.8	3.8	1.2	2.4
ACTH	2	4.3	5.0	1.8	3.6
injection	3	9.8	20.5	1.9	7.6
	4	4.5	12.2	4.8	3.2
	5	5.0	6.4	1.8	1.2
	6	4.5	4.5	1.0	3.3
	7	1.3	1.7	4.4	4.4
After oestra-	1	25.9	123.2	13.5	44.1
diol-17β,	2	2.8	19.8	5.8	15.9
500 µg i.v.	3	1.4	4.8	0.9	2.7

*) ACTH prolongatum, Batch 2004, Fredriksberg Chemiske Fabriker A/S.

Increased excretion of oestrogens in cows treated with ACTH would be consistent with the finding that the bovine adrenal cortex contains oestrone (*Beall* 1940). Release of oestrone from the adrenals would give rise to oestradiol-17 α as the major urinary metabolite. Peripheral aromatisation of various androgens or other steroids of adrenal origin might be considered as an alternative mode of adrenal contribution to the all over endogenous production of oestrogens. Judging from the few data presented the response, if any, to exogenous ACTH with respect to oestrogen excretion in the cow seems to be a rather delayed one or slow to develop. Quite similar patterns of oestrogen excretion have been observed after ACTH administration in ovariectomized women (*Brown et al.* 1959).

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